

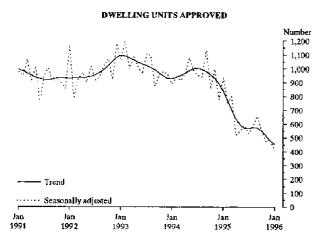
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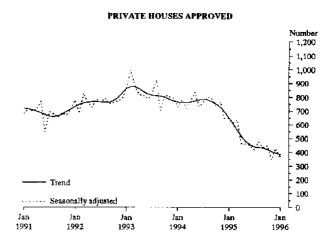
BUILDING APPROVALS, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, JANUARY 1996

MAIN FEATURES

NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS APPROVED

	January 1995	December 1995	January 1996	January 1995 to January 1996 change	December 1995 to January 1996 change
Original series	774	434	355	-54.1%	-18.2%
Seasonally adjusted	933	492	407	-56.4%	-17.3%
Trend estimate	83 6	482	452	-45.9%	-6.2%





Residential building

- The trend for the total number of dwelling units approved in January fell 6.2%. This follows declines of 6.6% in December and 6.0% in November 1995. There would need to be an increase of 58.4% in the seasonally adjusted series in February for the series to flatten.
- The trend for the number of private sector houses approved dropped 2.8%. This follows falls of 2.9% in December and 3.3% in November 1995.
- The value of new residential building approved fell 15.4% from \$34.5 million in December 1995 to \$29.2 million this month.
- Expressed as average 1989–90 prices, the value of new residential building work for the December quarter 1995 was \$100.5 million, a fall on the previous quarter of 18.8% and a 39.6% decrease on the December quarter 1994.

Non-residential building

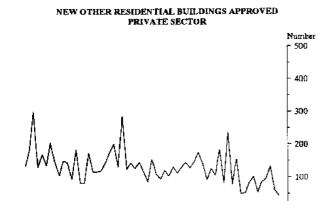
- The value of non-residential projects approved in January was \$64.4 million. There were 2 projects valued at more than \$5 million and 10 projects in the \$1 million to \$5 million category. Of the total, health accounted for \$28.1 million, of which \$23.5 million was for one private sector job.
- The value of non-residential work, when expressed as average 1989-90 prices was \$125.5 million for the December quarter 1995.

INQUIRIES

- for more information about statistics in this publication and the availability of related unpublished statistics, contact Damian Sparkes on Adelaide (08) 237 7590 or any ABS State Office.
- for information about other ABS statistics and services please refer to the back of this publication.

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Jan 1996

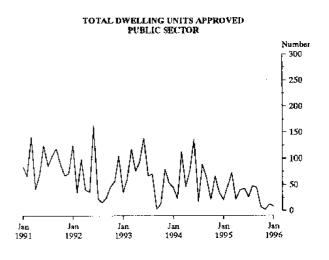


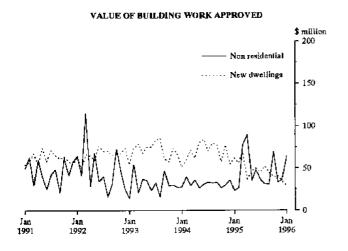
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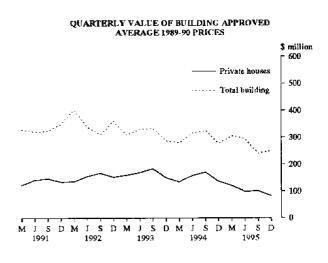
Jan 1995

Jan 1991

Jan 1992 Jan 1993







RELIABILITY OF CONTEMPORARY TREND ESTIMATES

The tables below present trend estimates of selected building approvals series for the six months August 1995 to January 1996.

Analysis of building approvals series has shown that the original series can be volatile and that the initial estimates of a month's trend value can be revised substantially. In particular, some months can elapse before a turning point in the trend series is identified reliably. Generally, the size of revisions to the trend estimates tends to be larger, the greater the volatility of the original series. Revisions to trend estimates will also occur with revisions to original data and re-estimation of seasonal adjustment factors. See paragraphs 21 to 23 of the Explanatory Notes for more information.

To illustrate the possible impact of future months observations on the trend estimates for the latest months, the tables below show the revisions to the trend estimates which would result if the movements in the seasonally adjusted estimates for next month (February 1996) were to equal the average absolute monthly percentage change in the series over the last ten years.

For example, if the seasonally adjusted estimate for the number of private sector houses approved (the first table below) were to increase by 10% in February 1996, the trend estimate for that month would be 382, a movement of -2.0%. The movements in the trend estimates for November, December and January which are currently estimated to be -3.2%, -3.1% and -2.7% respectively, would be revised to -2.9%, -2.6% and -2.0%. On the other hand, a 10% seasonally adjusted decline in the number of private sector houses approved in February 1996 would produce a trend estimate for January of 352, a movement of -4.9%, with the movements in the trend estimates for November, December and January being revised to -3.9%, -4.5% and -4.5% respectively.

NUMBER OF PRIVATE SECTOR HOUSES APPROVED RELIABILITY OF TREND ESTIMATES

				Revised trend estimate ij seasonally adjuste		
	Tren	d estimate	is up 10% c	on January 1995	is down 10% on January 1995	
	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month
1995—						
August	436	-1.3	434	-1.6	436	-1.3
September	431	-1,1	429	-1.2	432	-0.9
October	421	-2.4	420	-2.1	422	-2.4
November	407	-3.2	408	-2.9	405	-3.9
December	395	-3.1	398	-2,6	387	-4.5
1996						
January	384	-2.7	390	-2.0	370	-4.5
February	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	382	-2.0	352	-4.9

TOTAL NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS APPROVED RELIABILITY OF TREND ESTIMATES

			Revised trend estimate if February 1996 seasonally adjusted estimate							
	Tren	d estimate	is up 11% e	on January 1995	is down 11% on January 1995					
	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month				
1995—										
August	575	1.1	575	1.1	577	1.4				
September	571	-0.8	571	-0.7	574	-0.5				
October	549	-3.9	549	-3.8	551	-4.0				
November	516	-5.9	516	-6.1	512	-7.1				
December	482	-6.6	482	-6.5	469	-8.4				
1996										
January	452	-6.3	453	-6.1	428	-8.8				
February	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	425	-6.1	387	-9.4				

TABLE I. NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS APPROVED

	N	lew houses		New other	residential build	dings			Total (a)	
Períod	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Conversions, etc.	Private sector	Public sector	Tota
			ADEU	AIDE STAT	ISTICAL DIV	/ISION				
1992-93	6,843	352	7,195	1.647	386	2,033	20	8,510	738	9.24
1993-94	6,587	401	6,988	1,342	286	1,628	15	7,944	687	8,63
1994-95	5,256	384	5,640	1.213	120	1,333	59	6,515	517	7,03
1994-95					4.00	ne c	40	4 420	107	4,74
July-January	3,542	186	3,728	862	108	970	48	4,439	307	4,74
1995-96 July-January	1,786	120	1.906	492	29	521	37	2,315	149	2,46
1994—										
November	525	37	562	155	30	185	7	687	67	75
December	386	28	414	61	8	69	1	448	36	48
1 9 95—										
January	332	17	349	227	4	231	_	559	21	580
February	347	41	388	68	_	68	1	416	4]	45
March	444	66	510	126	4	130	2	572	70	643
Apri]	264	22	286	40		40	5	309	22	331
May	329	28	357	45	6	51	3	377	34	411
June	330	41	371	72	2	74		402	43	44.
July	284	18	302	92	8	100	3	379	26	405
August	353	44	397	33	4	37	4	390	48	438
September	275	30	305	74	15	89	24	373	45	418
October	263	7	270	90		90		353	7	360
November	212	2	214	110	-	110		322	2	324
December	202	12	214	51		51	5	258	12	270
1996—		_			•	44		240	9	249
January	197	7	204	42	2	44		240		
		<u> </u>		SOUTH A	USTRALIA					
1992-93	9,710	377	10,087	1,809	416	2,225	29	11,548	793	12.341
1993-94	9,470	431	9,901	1,559	299	1.858	18	11,046	731	11,777
1994-95	7,757	390	8,147	1.387	151	1,538	77	9,208	554	9,762
1994-95									550	. 15
July-January 1995-96	5,114	186	5.300	970	130	1,100	54	6,125	329	6,454
July-January	2,902	121	3,023	575	29	604	47	3.524	150	3,674
1994—								***	45	1.05
November	796	37	833	184	30	214	R	988	67	1,055 69 8
December	578	28	606	82	8	90	2	662	36	070
1995—			F 4.4	gad	4	2 41	1	753	21	774
January	515	17	532	237	4		1	632	47	679
February	553	45	598	78	2	80		840	73	913
March	681	66	747	154	7	161	5		73 22	481
April	403	22	425	50	_	50	6	459 540		48) 589
May	493	30	523	52	10	62	4	549 401	40 43	589 646
June	513	41	554	83	2	85	7	603		576
July	445	18	463	102	8	110	3	550 633	26 48	671
August	564	44	608	54	4	58	5	623	48 45	592
September	437	30	467	85	15	100	25	547		519 519
October	415	7	422	96	_	96	1	512	7	519 527
November	388	2	390	133	_	133	4	525	2	327 43 4
December	354	13	367	61		61	6	421	13	434
1996—		~	300	44	2	46	3	346	9	355
January	299	7	306	44	Z	40	.3	340	,	

⁽a) Includes Conversions, etc. See paragraphs 10-12 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 2. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED (\$ million)

				New re:	sidential t		\$ mAllon)						 	
		Houses			sidential L			Total	•	Alterations and additions	Non-resi huita		Total £	ui/ding
Period	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	to residential buildings	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Tota
					ADEL	AIDE ST	ATISTIC	AL DIV	SION					·
1992-93	500,9	20.6	521.6	98.0	19.1	117.1	598.9	39.7	638.6	111.4	132.8	345.9	840.8	1.096.0
1993-94	494.3	25.7	520.0	86.3	17.0	103.3	580.6	42.7	623.3	98.7	167.2	314.2	846.0	1,036.2
1994-95	420.2	26.7	446.9	87.7	6.9	94.6	508.0	33.5	541.5	95.0	181.2	393.1	782.5	1,029.5
1994-95														
July-January	277.7	12.1	289.8	60.0	6.2	66.2	337.7	18.3	356.0	60.4	93,9	163.0	491.0	579.3
1995-96 July-January	153.0	8.9	161.9	32.7	19	34.6	185.6	10.8	196.5	55.5	125.6	221.3	366,5	473.3
1994														
November	42.4	2.2	44.6	10,0	1.7	11.6	52.3	3.8	56.2	8.7	14.8	22.7	75.8	87.6
December	31.2	1.9	33.1	5.1	0.4	5.5	36.3	2.3	38.6	7.6	13.9	25.3	57.8	71.5
1995—														
January	28.1	1.3	29.4	18.3	0.2	18.5	46.4	1.5	47.9	6,4	5.8	14.9	58.6	69.3
February	29.2	3.5	32.7	7.7	_	7.7	36.9	3.5	40.4	5.8	11.8	21.2	54.5	67.4
March	36.2	4.5	40.6	9,9	0.3	10.1	46.0	4.7	50.8	10.1	13.1	68.6	69.2	129.5
April	22.1	1.5	23.6	2.4		2.4	24.5	1.5	25.9	4,9	17.1	80.1	46.5	110.9
May	27.8	2.0	29.8	2.9	0.3	3.2	30.7	2.3	33.0	7.0	16.3	26. 1	53.8	66.1
June	27.3	3.1	30.4	4.9	0.1	5.0	32.2	3.2	35.4	6.8	29.0	34.1	67.6	76.2
July	24.0	1.1	25.1	6.4	0.4	6.8	30.4	1.5	31.9	7 .7	21.0	29.0	59.1	68.6
August	29.4	3.0	32.4	2.2	0.3	2.5	31.6	3.3	34.9	8.9	14.0	26.2	54.4	70.1
September Ostobor	23.8	2.7	26.5	5.1	1.1	6.2	28.9	3.8	32.7	9.4	19.5	27.7	57.8	69.8
October November	22.7 18.4	0.6 0.1	23.4 18.5	4.1 8.1		4.1 8.1	26.8 26.5	0.6	27.4	8.3	33.7	62.8	68.6	98.4
December	17.7	0.1	18.5	3.7	_	3.7	21.3	0.1 0.8	26.6 22.2	7.6 6.5	8.3 9.4	26.8 20.7	42.4 37.3	61.0 49.4
1996_														
January	16.9	0.5	17.4	3.2	0.1	3.4	20.1	0.6	20.8	7.1	19.8	28.0	47.0	55.9
						SOUTH	AUSTRA	ALIA						
1992-93	691.4	22.3	713.7	106.4	20.8	127.3	797.8	43.1	840.9	132.6	174.0	418.4	1 101 9	1 201 0
1993-94	695.1	27.5	722.6	98.5	17.8	116.3	793.6	45.3	838.9	122.2	208.4	418.4 375.2	1,101.8 1,122.8	1,391.9 1,336.3
1994-95	605.8	27.0	632.8	98.4	8.5	106.9	704.2	35.5	739.7	119.9	244.7	493.2	1,065.4	1,352.8
1994-95														
luly-January	393.8	12.1	406.0	67.1	7.3	74.4	460.9	19,4	480.3	74.8	126.8	215.7	660.8	770,8
1995-96 July-January	237.3	9.0	246.3	37.9	1.9	39.8	275.2	11.0	286.2	70.5	183.6	301.8	528.8	658.4
1994														
November	62.1	2.2	64.3	11.7	1.7	13.3	73.7	3.8	77.6	10.5	19.7	30.2	103.9	118.3
December	45.7	1.9	47.6	6.9	0.4	7.3	52.6	2.3	54.9	9.4	22.9	36.2	84.8	100.6
1995—														
апцагу	41.6	1.3	42.9	18.8	0.2	19.0	60.4	1.5	61.9	8.0	7.2	23.4	75.5	93.4
ebruary	44.1	3.7	47.8	8.5	0.1	8.6	52.6	3.7	56.3	7.5	16.8	26.8	76.9	90.6
March	54.1	4.5	58.5	11.2	0.5	11.7	65.3	5.0	70.2	12.6	19.5	78.1	96.5	160.9
Apríl	32.1	1.5	33.6	2.8		2.8	34.9	1.5	36.4	6.6	25.4	89.3	66.8	132.2
day	40.4	2.1	42.5	3.2	0.6	3.8	43.6	2.7	46.3	9.3	20.2	35.4	72.8	91.0
une	41.3	3.1	44.4	5.6	0.1	5.7	46.9	3.2	50.1	9.2	35.9	47.9	91.6	107.2
uly	36.7	1.1	37.9	7.0	0.4	7.4	43.7	1.5	45.2	9.0	25.0	36.3	77.8	90.6
lugust Sectember	45.5 35.6	3.0	48.5	3.4	0.3	3.8	48.9	3.3	52.3	11.2	18.2	31.5	78.2 26.2	94.9
September October	33.6 33.9	2.7 0.6	38.2 34.6	5.7 4.6	1.1	6.8	41.3	3.8	45.0 10.3	12.1	22.3	31.1	75.7	88.2
лскоет lovember	33.9	0.6 0.1	34.6 31.4	4.6 9.5		4.6 9.5	38.5 40.7	0.6 0.1	39.2 40.8	10.4	37.5	69.2	86.3 42.0	118,8
December	29.1	1.0	30.1	4.4	_	4.4	33.5	1.0	40.8 34.5	10.3 8.9	11.8 13.4	33.1 36.1	62.9 55.6	84.2 79.5
996														
anuary	25.2	0.5	25.7	3.3	0.1	3.5	28.6	0.6	29.2	8.5	55.3	64.4	92.3	1 02 . I

TABLE 3. NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS (a) APPROVED SEASONALLY ADJUSTED AND TREND ESTIMATES (b)

		House	25		Total				
	Private sector		Total		Private sector		Total	Totai	
Period	Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimate	Seasonally udjusted	Trend estimate	Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimate	Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimate	
1994—									
November	767	725	786	770	946	874	998	930	
December	647	692	702	736	694	842	779	891	
1995—									
January	643	652	673	691	933	796	933	836	
February	615	607	679	641	676	737	744	770	
March	636	560	661	590	800	672	812	700	
April	460	516	469	543	507	609	523	637	
May	463	480	477	505	521	561	552	591	
June	449	456	499	483	540	535	590	570	
July	416	441	427	473	515	528	532	569	
August	475	436	502	469	540	534	588	575	
September	437	431	520	462	583	533	659	571	
October	448	421	451	445	542	520	551	549	
November	347	407	347	424	472	497	475	516	
December	429	395	443	403	466	473	492	482	
1996—									
January	367	384	366	387	422	451	407	452	

(a) Includes Conversions, etc. See paragraphs 10-12 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Seasonally adjusted series smoothed by application of a 13-term Henderson moving average. Trend estimates for the most recent months are provisional and can be revised as data for additional months become available. See Explanatory Notes for a more detailed explanation.

TABLE 4. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED AT AVERAGE 1989-90 PRICES (a) (\$ million)

(3 IRELIOU)												
		New residential building				Non-residential building		Total building				
	Houses		Other		and additions to							
Period	Private sector	Total	residential buildings	Total	residential huildings	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Total			
1992-93	652.7	673.8	119.1	793.0	125.1	163.6	393.3	1,038.5	1,311.3			
1993-94	628.9	653.6	107.5	761.1	110.4	194.0	348.9	1,023.9	1,220.5			
1994-95	527.5	551.0	97.3	648.3	104.4	224.5	452.5	944.9	1,205.2			
1994												
Sept. qtr.	171.3	176.3	26.0	202.3	32.2	57.0	91.6	281.2	326.1			
Dec. qtr.	137.1	141.7	24.5	1 66 .3	26.3	53.3	85.7	239.6	278.3			
1995—												
Mar. qtr.	120.4	128.6	35.7	164.3	24.2	39.9	117.7	219.1	306.2			
Jane otr.	98.6	104.4	11.1	115.5	21.7	74.4	157.5	205.0	294.7			
Sept. qtr.	101.9	107.8	16.0	123.8	27.9	59.6	90.0	204.3	241.8			
Dec. gtr.	82.6	84 .1	16.4	100,5	26.0	56.8	125.5	181.9	252.0			

⁽a) See paragraphs 24 to 26 of the Explanatory Notes. Constant price estimates are subject to revision each quarter as more up to date information on prices and commodity compositions becomes available.

TABLE 5. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED, BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND OWNERSHIP

		(S mili					
Class of building	1993-94	1994-95	<u>July-Janu</u> 1994-95	1995-96	1995 November	Dogganahan	1996
	1993-94	PRIVATE S		1993-90	November	December	Januar .
New houses	(05.1	(2) = 0	202.6	2277			0.5.0
New other residential buildings	695.1 98.5	605,8 98,4	393.8	237.3	31.3	29.1	25.2
Total new residential building	793.6	704.2	67.1 460.9	37.9 275.2	9.5	4.4	3.3
Total new residential building	793.0	704.2	400.y	273.2	40 .7	33.5	28.6
Alterations and additions to	120.7	1167	72.0	70.1	10.3	9.5	
residential buildings	120.7	116.6	73.0	70.1	10.3	8.8	8.5
Hotels, etc.	5.0	4.2	2.3	10.1	0.3	0.2	8.1
Shops	40.8	51.3	24.3	22.9	1.2	2.9	4.1
Factories	18.2	25.0	15.0	18.7	1.4	3.0	3.8
Offices	39.1	34.3	17.4	33.8	2.0	1.0	2.2
Other business premises	24.8	59.2	32.9	35.7	1.2	2.5	10.3
Educational Reliations	18.2	17.3	10.4	10.7	2.3	1.3	1.2
Religious Health	1.9	3.0	2.4	1.3	_	0.2	
Entertainment and recreational	26.9 15.9	26.5 9.7	11.4 6.2	37.1 8.9	0.7	0.1	23.7
Miscellaneous	17.6	14.0	6.2 4.5	6.9 4,4	2.5	1.2 1.0	1.8
Total non-residential building	208.4	244.7	126.8	183.6	0.2 11.8	13.4	0.1 55.3
Total	1.120.0	1.475.4	//8.0	***			
Total	1,122.8	1,065.4	660.8	528.8	62.9	55.6	92.3
		PUBLIC SI	ECTOR				
New houses	27.5	27.0	12.1	9.0	0,1	1.0	0.5
New other residential buildings	17.8	8.5	7.3	1.9	_	_	0.1
Total new residential indiding	45,3	35.5	19.4	11.0	0.1	1.0	0.6
Alterations and additions to							
residential buildings	1.5	3.3	1.8	0.4		0.1	_
Hotels, etc.	0,9	0.4	0.1	_	_	_	_
Shops	3.0	3.1	0.9	0.6	_	0.1	
Factories	3.2	5.5	5.5	6.0	_	5.0	_
Offices	25.0	92.5	35.1	25.0	9.7	1.B	2.5
Other business premises	7.0	13.2	4.0	6.3	1.5	2.5	0.3
Educational	100.2	92.5	20.1	32.3	7.6	12.1	1.3
Religious		-	-				
Health	9.5	16.0	4.2	6.9	1.1	0.7	4.4
Entertainment and recreational	4.4	9.7	5.5	2.2	0.3	0.5	·
Miscellaneous Total non-residential building	13.6 166.8	15.5 248.6	13.5	39.0	1.1 21.2	0.1	0.7 2.1
ioiai non-resiaeniai initiaing	100.8	240,D	88.9	118.2	21.2	22.8	9.1
Total	213.5	287.4	110.0	129.6	21.4	23.9	9.8
		TOTA	L				
New houses	722.6	632.8	406.0	246.3	31.4	30.1	25.7
New other residential buildings	116.3	106.9	74.4	39.8	9.5	4.4	3.5
Total new residential building	838.9	739.7	480.3	286.2	40.8	3 <i>4</i> ,5	29.2
Alterations and additions to							
residential buildings	122.2	119.9	74.8	70.5	10.3	8.9	8.5
Hotels, etc.	5.9	4.7	2.4	10.1	0.3	0.2	8.1
Shops	43.8	54.4	25.2	23.4	1.2	3.0	4.1
actories	21.3	30.6	20.5	24.6	1.4	8.0	3.8
Offices	64.1	126.8	52.5	58.8	11.6	2.7	4.7
Ther business premises	31.8	72.4	37.0	42.1	2.7	5.0	10.6
Educational	118.4	109.7	30.5	43.0	9.9	13.5	2.5
Religious	1.9	3.0	2.4	1.3	_	0.2	_
fealth	36.4	42.6	15.6	44.0	1.8	0.9	28.1
Intertainment and recreational	20.4	19,4	11.7	11.1	2.8	1.7	1.8
Aisceflaneous	31.2	29.6	17.9	43.4	1.3	1.1	0.8
otal non-residential mulding	375.2	493.2	215.7	301.8	33.1	36.1	64.4
[otal	1,336,3	1,352.8	770.8	658.4	84.2	79.5	102.1

TABLE 6. NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING JOBS APPROVED, BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND VALUE SIZE GROUPS

. <u> </u>	TABLE			AND V	ALUE SIZ	ZE GROUI	PS	·····				
	\$50,000 to than \$200		\$200,000 than \$50		\$500,000 i than \$:		\$1m to . than \$.		\$5m a aver		Tota	d
Period	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (\$m)
	<u> </u>				HOTELS,	ETC.		<u></u>				
1995 November	3	0,3								-	3	0.3
December	2	0.2	_	_	_	_	_		_		2	0.2
1996 January	1	0,1				•	4	8.0			5	8.1
					SHOPS				•••	. <u> </u>		
1995 November	7	0.6		_	1	0.6				_	8 15	1.2 3.0
December	10	1.2	4	1.3	1	0.5	- <u> </u>	3.3			10	4.1
1996 January	8	0.6		0.2			1	3.3	•		[17	
					FACTOR							1.4
1995 November	8	0.6	1	0.2	1	0.6	<u> </u>	1.5	_ 1	5.0	10 10	8.0
December	5	0.4	2	0,5	ı	0.6	1	3.5			5	3,8
1996 January	4	0.3				<u> </u>	<u> </u>		·			
					OFFICE				1	6.4	25	11.6
1995 November	15	1.5	7	2.1	2 1	1,6 0,6	-				15	2.7
December	9	0.9	5 7	1.3 2.4	i	0.7	1	1.0		_	15	4.7
1996 January		0.5					-	1.0				
<u></u>					R BUSINES	S PREMISES		1 2			12	2.7
1995 November	9	1.0	2	0.4	_	-] 1	1.3 2.5			19	5.6
December	15	1.4	2 2	0.5 0.5	1	0.6 0,8	1	2.0	1	6.0	18	10.6
1996 January	13	1.3					<u> </u>	2.0				
					EDUCATIO			8.2			14	9.9
1995 November	5	0.4	5	1.3		0.9	4 1	1.2	 1	10.3	10	13.5
December	5 6	0.3 0.7	2 1	0.7 0.2	1 2	1.6		1.2		_	9	2.5
1996 January		0.7		0.2								
					RELIGEO	US						
1995 November	_	- 0.3		_	_				_		1	0.2
December	1 —	0.2	_	_		_			_		_	_
1996 January												
		0.2	3	0.9	HEALT 1	Н 0.6					6	1.8
1995 November December	2 2	0.2		-	1	0.7	_			_	3	0.9
1996 January	1	0.1	3	0.7	***	-	1	3.8	1	23.5	6	28. l
· 	•		<u> </u>	NTERTAIN	IMENT ANI	RECREAT	IONAL	<u>-</u>				
1995 November	6	0.6	2	0.7			1	1.5			9	2.8
December	2	0.1	2	0.6	1	1.0			_		5 2	1.7 1.8
1996 January	1	0.1					1	1.7				1,0
					MISCELLAN	NEOUS			<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
1995 November	5	0.4	3	0.9		_	_	_	_	_	8	1.3
December	1	0.1	_	_	. –	_]	1.0			2 5	1.1 0.8
1996 January	4	0.4	1	0.4			•••				د	0.0
					N-RESIDEN			<u></u>	· · · · · ·	 		
1995 November	60	5.6	23	6.6	5	3.5	6	11.0	1	6.4	95 82	33.1
December	52	4.9	17	4.9	7	4.9	4	6.2	2 2	15.3 29.5	82 75	36.1 64.4
1996 January	44	4.1	15	4.4	4	3.1	10	23.3	Ζ	29.3	13	U-1.4

TABLE 7. NUMBER AND VALUE OF DWELLING UNITS (a) APPROVED BY MATERIAL OF OUTER WALLS JANUARY 1996

·		JANUAR				
_	Private secto	r 	Public sector	·	Totul	
Particulars	Number	Value (\$`000)	Number	Value (\$`000)	Number	Valu (3 '000
	AD	ELAIDE STATIST	ICAL DIVISION			u.
Houses						
Brick, stone or concrete	6	680	_	_	6	680
Brick-veneer	155	12,659	7	485	162	13,14
Timber	_		_	_	_	_
Fibre cement	2	96	_	 -	2	94
Steel, aluminium or other materials						
Not stated	34		_	_	34	3,47:
Not stated	34	3,473	_		34	3,41.
Total houses	197	16,910	7	485	204	17,396
Other residential huildings	42	3,233	2	135	44	3,367
Total residential buildings	239	20,143	9	620	248	20,763
		REST OF SOUTH	AUSTRALIA			
Houses —						
Brick, stone or concrete	18	2,295	_	_	18	2,295
Brick-veneer	44	3,761	_	_	44	3,761
Timber	8	392		_	8	392
Fibre cement	13	585	-	/	13	585
Steel, aluminium or						
other materials	3	222	_	_	3	222
Not stated	16	1,057	_	_	16	1,057
Total houses	102	8,312	<u> </u>		102	8,312
Other residential huildings	2	98	_	_	2	98
Total residential buildings	104	8,410	_	_	104	8,410
		TOTAL SOUTH A	USTRALIA			
Houses						
Brick, stone or concrete	24	2,975	_	_	24	2,975
Brick-veneer	199	16,420	7	485	206	16,905
Timber	8	392	_	_	8	392
Fibre cement	15	682	_	_	15	682
Steel, aluminium or					_	
other materials	3	222	_	_	3	222
Not stated	50	4,532		_	50	4,532
Total houses	2 99	25,222	7	485	306	25,708
Other residential buildings	44	3.331	2	135	46	3,465
Total residential buildings	343	28,553	9	620	352	29,173

⁽a) Comprises new houses and dwelling units in new other residential buildings.

TABLE 8. SUMMARY OF BUILDING APPROVED BY STATISTICAL DIVISION, JANUARY 1996

		Dwelling u	nits in new res	idential huild	lings (a)		Altanuntiana		
	Hous	es	Other residential buildings		Tota	i	Alterations and additions to residential	f s Non- l residential	
Statistical division	Number	Value (\$'000)	Number	Value (\$ '000)	Number	Value (\$`000)	buildings (\$'000)	huilding (\$'000)	Total (\$ '000)
		PRI	VATE SECT	OR					
Adelaide	197	16,910	42	3,233	239	20,143	7,078	19,752	46,972
Outer Adelaide	48	4,293	_		48	4,293	516	8,880	13,689
Yorke and Lower North	9	581	_		9	581	172		753
Murray Lands	13	714	_		13	714	148	156	1,018
South East	11	783	2	98	13	881	211	23,789	24,881
Eyre	7	898		_	7	898	107	427	1,432
Northern	14	1,043	_	_	14	1,043	277	2,270	3,590
South Australia	299	25,222	44	3,331	343	28,553	8,508	55,274	92,335
		PUI	BLIC SECT	OR					 : ::
Adelaide	7	485	2	135	9	620		8,296	8,916
Outer Adelaide	_	_	_		_	_		193	193
Yorke and Lower North	_			_	_		_		
Murray Lands	_		_	_	_	_	_		_
South East	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	
Еуге	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	
Northern	_	_		_	_		_	656	656
South Australia	7	485	2	135	9	620		9,144	9,765
			TOTAL				_ .		
Adelaide	204	17.396	44	3,367	248	20,763	7,078	28,047	55,888
Outer Adelaide	48	4,293	_		48	4,293	516	9,073	13,882
Yorke and Lower North	9	581	_	_	9	581	172	-	753
Murray Lands	13	714	_		13	714	148	156	1.018
South East	11	783	2	98	13	881	211	23,789	24,881
Eyre	7	898	_		7	898	1 07	427	1,432
Northern	14	1,043	_		14	1.043	277	2,926	4,245
Sonth Australia	306	25,708	46	3,465	352	29,173	8,508	64,418	102,099

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 9. NEW DWELLING UNITS (a) APPROVED, BY TYPE AND STATISTICAL DIVISION, JANUARY 1996

	_			N	lew ot he r reside	ential building	?			
		Semi-detached, row or terrace houses, townhouses, etc. of			Flats, u	rits or apartn		Total new		
Statistical division	New houses	l storey	2 or more storeys	Total	I-2 storeys	3 storeys	4 or more storeys	Total	Total	residentias building
			NUMBE.	R OF DWE	LLING UNITS	8				
Adelaide	204	24	20	44	_		_	_	44	248
Outer Adelaide	48				_					48
Yorke and Lower North	9	_	_	_	_		_			9
Murray Lands	13									13
South East	11	2		2			_		2	13
Eyre	7	_		_	_	_	_	_		7
Northern	14			_	_	_	_	_	_	14
South Australia	306	26	20	46	_	_	_	_	46	352
				VALUE (\$	(000)					
Adelaide	17,396	1,832	1,535	3,367	_	_			3,367	20,763
Outer Adelaide	4.293				_	_	_	_	_	4,293
Yorke and Lower North	581		_			·	_	_	_	581
Murray Lands	714		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	714
South East	783	98		98		_	_	_	98	881
Еуле	898		_	_		_	_		-	898
Northern	1,043				_	_	_		_	1,043
South Australia	25,708	1,930	1,535	3,465	_		_	-	3,465	29,173

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 10. BUILDING APPROVED BY SELECTED STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA, JANUARY 1996

	New residential buildings (a)							Non-residential building		
	Houses			Other residential buildings			Alterations and additions to			
Statistical local area	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$ '000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$`000)	additions to residential huildings (\$'000)	Private sector (\$ '000)	Total (\$ '000)	Total huilding (\$'000)
		ADEI	LAIDE ST	'ATISTIC	AL DIVISI	ON				
Adelside (C)	5		670	4		380	240	2,105	6,473	7,763
Brighton (C)	4		434	2		152	271		-	857
Burnside (C)	10	•	1.066	4		275	740	90	90	2.17
Campbelltown (C)	11		842	10		648	314			1.804
East Torrens (DC)	1		97	-			45	2 500	4.419	142
Elizabeth (C) Enfield (C) Pt A & Pt B	1 19	ı	90 1,549	2		130	32 164	3,500 1,250	4,418 1,250	4,540 3,093
Gawler (M)	7		770			130	46	1.2.50	383	1.199
Glenelg (C)	,		710				148		391	539
Happy Valley (C)	15		1,659				307		_	1,966
Henley & Grange (C)	_						66			66
Hindmarsh and Woodville (C)	18	2	1.859		2	135	224	281	615	2,833
Kensington & Norwood (C)				8		560	529	68	68	1,157
Marion (C)	8		711	2		130	680	261	338	1,858
Mitcham (C)	2	_	346	2	_	250	486			1,082
Munno Para (C) Noarlunga (C)	19 27		1,284 1,668		_	_	31 275	3,283 1,734	3,283 1,734	4,597 3,676
Payneham (C)	21		1,008				115	1./34	1.734	115
Port Adelaide (C)	2		200	_	_		110	6.455	6,455	6,765
Prospect (C)	1		141	2	_	193	276	_		610
St Peters (M)	1		120	2	_	210	190		_	520
Salisbury (C)	13		944	2		145	217	60	1,350	2.657
Stirling (DC)	l		84				110			194
Tea Tree Guily (C)	15	4	1.530	_	_		455	220	305	2.289
Thebarron (M)				_	_		78	_	_	78
Unley (C)	5		409	2		159	594	266	300	1,462
Walkerville (M)	3	-	244		_	_	89 84	365 80	365 230	454 558
West Torrens (C) Willunga (DC)	. 9	_	680		_		165		230	3.5 R 845
Unincorporated									_	
Adelaide (SD)	197	7	17,396	42	2	3,367	7,078	19,752	28,047	55,888
				OF STAT						
D (DC)										
Barossa (DC)	4	_	331 167				43 75		193	374 435
Light (DC) Mallala (DC)	, 1		98				/3 			433 98
Mount Barker (DC)	R		620			-	50			670
Mount Gambier (C)	3	_	224	2		98	10	23,630	23,630	23,962
Murray Bridge (RC)				-			_	75	75	75
Northern Yorke Peninsula (DC)	3	_	211				117		_	328
Port Augusta (C)	1		30	_	_		_	_	_	30
Port Elliot & Gootwa (DC)	7		474				16	_	_	490
Port Lincoln (C)	3		230				12	117	117	359
Port Pirie (C)	1		120				65			185
Roxby Downs (M)						_	15			15
Strathalbyn (DC) Victor Harbor (DC)	4	_	339 210				121 40	200	200	460 450
Victor Harbor (DC) Whyalla (C)	l	_	139			_	154	160	260 160	453
Other	60		5.118				714	11,340	11.996	17,828
Rest of State	102		8,312	2	_	98	1,431	35,522	36,371	46,211
				AUSTRA	LIA					
	299	7	25,708	44	2	3,465	8,508	55,274	64,418	102,099

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc. (C) Municipality with city status, (DC) District Council. (M) Municipality. (RC) Rural City. (SD) Statistical Division.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication contains monthly details of building work approved.

2. For purposes of comparison, it should be noted that statistics of building approvals are affected from month to month by large projects (e.g. blocks of flats, multi-storey office buildings) approved in particular months and also by the administrative arrangements of government authorities.

Scope and coverage

- Statistics of building work approved are compiled from:
 - (a) permits issued by local authorities in areas subject to building control by those authorities; and
 - (b) contracts let or day labour work authorised by Commonwealth, State, semi-government and local government authorities;
 - (c) major building activity which takes place in areas not subject to the normal administrative approval processes (e.g. buildings on remote mine sites).
- 4. The statistics relate to building activity which includes construction of new buildings, and alterations and additions to existing buildings. Construction activity not defined as building (e.g. construction of roads, bridges, railways, earthworks etc.) is excluded from this publication, but can be found in the ABS publication *Engineering Construction Survey* (8762.0).
- 5. In relation to work carried out on existing buildings, the statistics include details of non-structural renovation and refurbishment work and the installation of integral building fixtures for which building approval was obtained.
- 6. From July 1990, the statistics cover:
 - (a) all approved new residential building jobs valued at \$10,000 or more (previously \$5,000 or more)
 - (b) approved alterations and additions to residential buildings valued at \$10,000 or more
 - (c) all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$50,000 or more (previously \$30,000 or more).

These changes in coverage do not have a statistically significant effect on broad building approvals aggregate data. However, care should be taken in interpreting data for specific classes of non-residential building.

Definitions

- 7. A building is defined as a rigid, fixed and permanent structure which has a roof. Its intended purpose is primarily to house people, plant, machinery, vehicles, goods or livestock. An integral feature of a building's design to satisfy its intended use, is the provision for regular access by persons.
- 8. A dwelling unit is defined as a self-contained suite of rooms, including cooking and bathing facilities and intended for long term residential use. Units (whether self-contained or not) within buildings offering institutional care such as hospitals or temporary accommodation, such as motels, hostels and holiday apartments are not defined as dwelling units. The value of units of this type is included in the appropriate category of non-residential buildings' approved.

- 9. A residential building is defined as a building predominantly consisting of one or more dwelling units. Residential buildings can be either houses or other residential buildings.
 - (a) A house is defined as a detached building predominantly used for long term residential purposes and consisting of only one dwelling unit. Thus detached grammy flats and detached dwelling units such as caretaker's residences associated with non-residential buildings are defined as houses for the purpose of these statistics.
 - (b) An other residential building is defined as a building which is predominantly used for long term residential purposes and which contains (or has attached to it) more than one dwelling unit (e.g. includes townhouses, duplexes, apartment buildings etc.).
- 10. From the January 1995 issue of this publication, the number of dwelling units approved as part of alterations and additions to or conversions of existing residential or non-residential buildings and as part of the construction of non-residential building is shown separately in Table 1 under the heading of 'Conversions, etc.', and is included in the total number of dwelling units shown in the table. Previously, such dwellings were only included as a footnote.
- 11. In addition, from the January 1995 issue, the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for the number of dwelling units approved, shown in Table 3, include these conversions, etc. Previously, only dwelling units approved as part of the construction of new residential buildings were included in these estimates.
- 12. The value of new residential building approved continues to exclude the value of dwelling units approved as part of alterations and additions to or conversions of existing residential or non-residential building. Approved building work represented by these conversions, etc. jobs continues to be included in the value of alterations and additions to residential buildings or in the value of non-residential building as appropriate.
- 13. Value data are derived by aggregation of the estimated value (when completed) of building work (excluding value of land and landscaping but including site preparation) as reported on approval documents. For 'houses', these estimates are usually a reliable indicator of the completed value of the building. However, for 'other residential buildings' and 'non-residential buildings' these estimates can differ significantly from the completed value of the building.

Building classification

- 14. Ownership of a building is classified as either Public Sector or Private Sector according to the sector of the intended owner of the completed building as evident at the time of approval. Residential buildings being constructed by private sector builders under government housing authority schemes whereby the authority has contracted, or intends to contract, to purchase the buildings on or before completion, are classified as public sector.
- 15. Functional classification of buildings: a building is classified according to its intended major function. Hence a building which is ancillary to other buildings or forms a part of a group of related buildings is classified to the function of the building and not to the function of the group as a whole. An example of this can be seen in the treatment of building work approved for a factory complex. In this case a detached administration building would be classified to Offices, a detached cafeteria building to Shops, while factory buildings

would be classified to Factories. An exception to this rule is the treatment of group accommodation buildings e.g. a student accommodation building on a university campus would be classified to Educational.

Seasonal adjustment

- 16. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series may be more clearly recognised.
- 17. Table 3 shows seasonally adjusted estimates for both private and total dwellings. For the four series shown, account has been taken of normal seasonal factors and 'trading day' effects (arising from the varying numbers of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays etc. in the month) and the effect of movement in the date of Easter which may, in successive years, affect figures for different months.
- 18. Seasonal adjustment procedures do not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month, such as the effect of the approval of large projects or as a consequence of the administrative arrangements of approving authorities. These irregular influences that are highly volatile can make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation.
- Most of the component series have been seasonally adjusted independently. Therefore, the adjusted components may not add to the adjusted totals. Further, the difference between independently seasonally adjusted series does not necessarily produce series which are optimum or even adequate adjustments of the similarly derived original series. Thus the figures which can be derived by subtracting seasonally adjusted private sector dwelling units from the seasonally adjusted total should not be used to represent seasonally adjusted public sector dwelling units.
- 20. As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's data. For Building Approvals, the results of the latest review are shown in the July issue each year. Further information about seasonal adjustment can be obtained from the Assistant Director of Time Series Analysis, Canberra, on (06) 252 6345.

Trend estimates

- 21. Seasonally adjusted series can be smoothed to reduce the impact of the irregular component in the adjusted series. This smoothed seasonally adjusted series is called a trend estimate.
- 22. Table 3 shows trend estimates for both private and total dwellings. These are obtained by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months of the respective seasonally adjusted series except the last six months. Trend series are created for the last six months by applying surrogates of the Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted time series. For further information, see A Guide to Interpreting Time Series Monitoring 'Trends': an Overview (1348.0).
- 23. While the smoothing technique described in paragraphs 21 and 22 enables trend estimates to be produced for the latest few months, it does result in revisions to the trend estimates as new data become available. Generally, revisions become smaller over time and after three months, usually have a negligible impact on the series. Revisions to the original data and re-analysis of seasonal factors may also lead to revisions to the trend.

Estimates at constant prices

- 24. Estimates of the quarterly value of building approvals at average 1989–90 prices are presented in Table 4. (Note: monthly value data at constant prices are not available.)
- 25. Constant price estimates measure changes in value after the direct effects of price changes have been climinated. The deflators used to revalue the current price estimates are derived from the same price data underlying the deflators compiled for the dwelling and non dwelling construction components of the national accounts aggregate 'Gross fixed capital expenditure'.
- 26. Estimates at constant prices are subject to a number of approximations and assumptions. Further information on the nature and concepts of constant price estimates is contained in Chapter 4 of Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5216.0).

Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC)

27. Area statistics are now being classified to the *Australian Standard Geographical Classification*, *Edition 2.5* (1216.0) and ASGC terminology has been adopted in the presentation of building statistics.

Unpublished data and related publications

- 28. The ABS can also make available certain building approvals data which are not published. Where it is not practicable to provide the required information by telephone, data can be provided in the following forms: microfiche, photocopy, computer printout and clerically extracted tabulation. A charge may be made for providing unpublished information in these forms.
- 29. Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0)

Dwelling Unit Commencements Reported by Approving
Authorities, South Australia (8741.4)

Building Activity, Australia: Dwelling Unit Commencements, Preliminary (8750.0)

Building Activity, South Australia (8752.4)

30. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Release Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office.

Symbols and other usages

— nil or rounded to zero

r figure or series revised since previous issue

n.a. not available

31. Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

P.M. GARDNER
Deputy Commonwealth Statistician
and Government Statist





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